CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT RONCHAMP (Haute-Saône)

The Romans were probably the first settlers, occupying a camp on a strategic hill west of



Belfort and overlooking the road to Germania. In the fourth century, a sanctuary dedicated to the Virgin Mary was erected on the same hill, the Colline de Bourlément, on the site of the earlier Roman temple. During the Middle-Ages it was replaced by the Chapelle de Bourlément.

In the eighteenth century, the chapel became a pilgrimage destination and was renamed the chapel of Notre-Dame du Haut (Our Lady of the Heights). During the French Revolution, it was sold as a national property, but in 1799 forty families in Ronchamp decided to buy it in order to restore its original spiritual vocation.

In the middle of the nineteenth century, the Bishop of Besançon took charge of enlarging and embellishing this place of pilgrimage.



The village of Ronchamp featuring, in the foreground, the river Rahin, the market place and the church of Notre-Dame du Bas and, on the horizon (inset), the 19th century Chapelle de Notre-Dame du Haut.



CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT RONCHAMP (Haute-Saône)



Pilgrims arriving at the Chapelle de Notre-Dame du Haut, Ronchamp which was expanded in 1859 through the addition of a Gothic-revival extension.



On 30 August 1913 the chapel was struck by lightning and the ensuing fire destroyed part of the building

CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT RONCHAMP (Haute-Saône)



The chapel was rebuilt in neo-Gothic style in 1926. The card was purchased from the nearby café/restaurant and souvenir shop operated by Paul Burcez.



During the Battle of Bourlément (September - October 1944) between the Allies and the retreating Germans the chapel was severely damaged

In 1949, an estate company formed by descendants of the families who had bought the chapel 150 years ago saw the light. With the support of and a proposal from the Besançon Diocesan Commission for Sacred Art, the company called upon Le Corbusier, the only architect capable of giving a new spirit to contemporary sacred architecture.

In spring 1950, Le Corbusier came to the hill. The surrounding landscapes and the history of the site affected the architect and found an echo in his thoughts and feelings. On the 4 April 1954, the first stone of the future chapel was laid and, on the 25 June 1955, the new chapel of Notre-Dame du Haut was consecrated.



Left: the Swiss-French architect Charles-Edouard Jeanneret otherwise known as Le Corbusier.

> Right: Jacques Combet, designer and engraver of the Chapelle de Notre-Dame du Haut issue.





The photograph used in the production of the above postcard was taken by the German photographer Hans Freytag and was the inspiration for Jacques Combet's 1964 stamp design.

Among other accolades, the chapel was classified as a National Historic Monument in 1967 and as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 2016.



The first maquette incorporates a cut-out of the photograph by Hans Freytag with the background and inscriptions in gouache. The design was adopted and the authorisation to print signed by the Minister of Posts, Jacques Marette, on 23 May 1964.



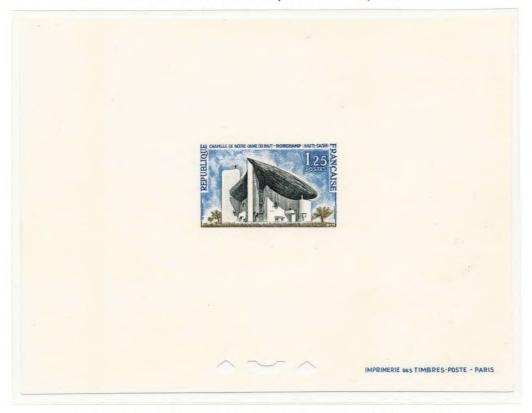
The second maquette, likewise in gouache, was accompanied by a photographic reduction featuring a dove near the value. The design was rejected.

Note that both maquettes feature the 0,40 value of the second issue

CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP



Monochrome colour trial printed 20 May 1964



Presentation proof in issued colours of vert foncé, bleu et bistre (Notice des PTT N° 19, 1964)







Official imperforate printing

Within the design of the stamp Le Corbusier is attributed as the artist and Jacques Combet as the engraver. No credit is given to Hans Freytag the photographer whose photo inspired Combet.

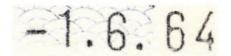
CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP

The single printing on the Chambon three-colour rotary press N° 9 took place from 27 May to 29 June 1964.



The press number '9' and the press operator's ident 'U' appear in the bottom margin





The printing date is a combination of Chambon Type IV numerals (day and month) which are 4 mm high and Type V numerals (year), which are 4.25 mm high.

Each revolution of the cylinder printed three sheets of 50 stamps. Each sheet, A, B and C, can be identified by the presence (Sheets A and B) or the omission (Sheet C) of reference marks above the printing date.





Sheet A is identified by two strokes



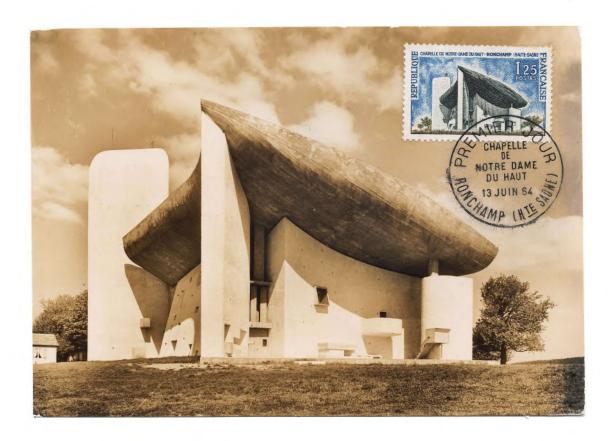


Sheet B is identified by one stroke and by a variation of the Type V numerals in bold

-1.6.64

CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP





Société Immobilière de N.-D.-du-Haut. Tous droits de reproduction réservés. Photographe Freytag.

Accreditation of the original photograph to Hans Freytag

R. Bull Robbin

Chapel cachet and signature of the chaplain, Abbé René Bolle-Reddat

CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP

1f50 PARIS PNEUMATIC POST (First Step: 0-7 grams)

13 June 1964 - 14 January 1965

According to some sources the Ronchamp issue was intended to meet the 1f25 Paris Pneumatic Post rate which had been in force since 1 January 1960. However, the rate was increased to 1f50 on 13 June 1964, the very day the 1f25 stamp was put on sale.



From Paris XVI (Annexe 3) the letter travelled via Paris 100 and Paris XV to Paris 69 at Antony, a bureau d'entrée, from where it was delivered by motorised transport to Fresnes.

22 September 1964

CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP

1f25 INTERNAL REGISTERED LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)

19 May 1964 - 17 January 1965



Postage: 0,25

Registration Fee: 1fr

Limoges to Paris

23 December 1964

CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP

1f25 INTERNAL REGISTERED LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)

19 May 1964 - 17 January 1965



Postage: 0,25 Registration Fee: 1fr



Caen to St Lô and forwarded to Paris by the Hôpital Mémorial France-États-Unis

7 November 1964









FRANCE 20 a

ENVELOPPE PRÉ-TIMBRÉE À VALIDITÉ PERMANENTE

0,53€ Internal Letter Rate (First Step: 0-20 grams)

In 2005 the design was reprised for use on postal stationery envelopes. The original value was excised and the stamp size was increased from 21.5 x 35.5mm to 24 x 40mm. Two phosphor bands were applied to the left of the stamp.



Photographer: Marc Paygnard

Issued: 2 June 2005







CHAPELLE DE NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT RONCHAMP (Haute-Saône)

LA POSTE

Enveloppe pré-timbrée à validité permanente prévue pour un envoi jusqu'à 20 grammes

Enveloppe agréée par LA POSTE – Agrément N° 809 - Lot 42J/0507245

Copyright: France and Colonies Philatelic Society



Monochrome colour trial



Presentation proof in issued colours of brun, vert et bistre-rouge (Notice des PTT N° 3, 1965) signed by the designer and engraver Jacques Combet

A trial imperf printing of the 0,40 value took place on 21 July 1964 from which a sheet was signed the following day by the Minister of Posts, Jacques Marette, authorising printing to proceed; however, the decision was postponed. As the original maquettes had been inscribed 0,40 it is assumed that the value corresponded to a proposed increase in the letter tariff that was aborted at the last minute.



From August 1964, after the printing of the previous 1f25 value, the marginal reference to the printing press was expressed in a different format eg T.D.3-6. where T.D. = taille douce, 3 = number of colours, 6 = press number





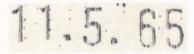
Sheet C is identified by absence of strokes



First printing: 2 November 1964 - 15 January 1965



Second Printing: 23 April - 12 May 1965



Combination of Chambon
Type X and X^{bis} numerals,
between 3.5 and 4.5 mm high,
(note different '5's)
on Press T.D.3-5

0,40

CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP



Third Printing: 10 March - 4 April 1966

18.3.66

Chambon Type IV numerals, 4 mm high on Press T.D.3-4



Fourth Printing: 2 - 20 February 1967

13.2.57

Unlisted type Chambon numerals (figures 3 and 6 are noticeably wider) on Press T.D.3-1

0,40 FOREIGN POSTCARD RATE

18 January 1965 - 12 January 1969

8.4.67 Lebe Jerda, lieber Jelin! Von einem Besneh in Ronchamp, beider bei Adule chtem be Her, viele grife. Min parson lich gefällt die Konche sehr Herrn v. trav gut. Wie ware es mal Toachim Schulz mit einem Fesuch von Ancho? D-1000 Berlin 19 Hersliche fon Se Reichsstr. 74 RONCHAMP (70. Hte-Saône) 103 - Chapelle de Notre-Dame du Haut

(Architecte : Le Corbusier)

La face Sud.



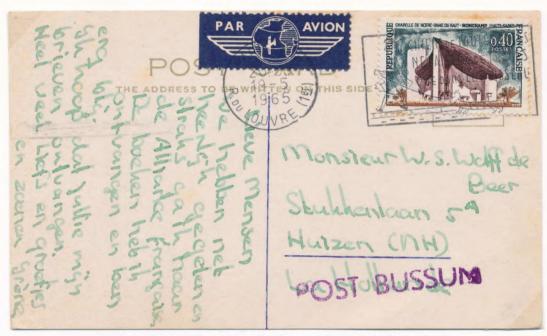
Ronchamp to Berlin, Germany 10 April 1967



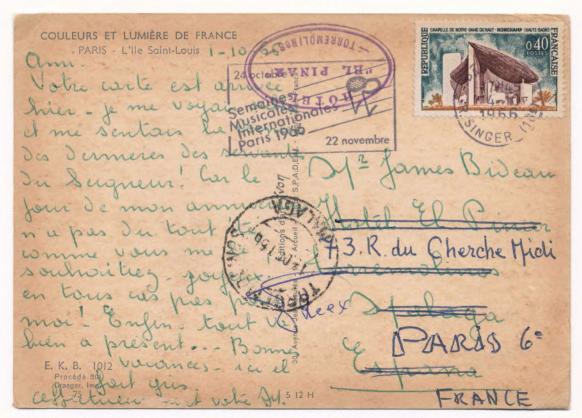
Levallois-Perret to Qiryat-Bialic, Israel 24 February 1965

0,40 FOREIGN POSTCARD RATE

18 January 1965 - 12 January 1969



Paris to Hulzen, Netherlands, and forwarded to Bussum 19 May 1965



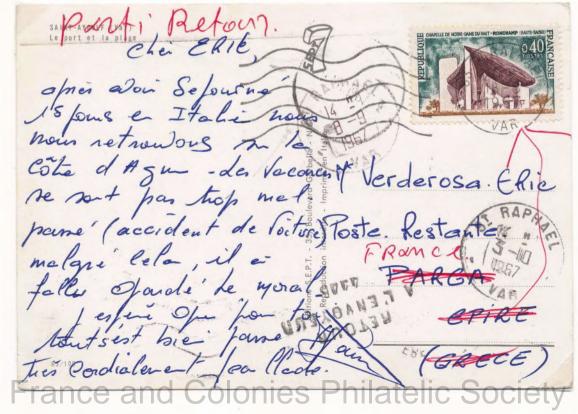
Paris 16 to Torremolinos, Spain, and forwarded to Paris 6 with cachet of the hotel 'El Pinar'
Copyright: France and october 1966 nies Philatelic Society

0,40 FOREIGN POSTCARD RATE

18 January 1965 - 12 January 1969



Toulon to Bologna, Italy, and returned to sender 19 August 1966



St Raphaël to Parga, Greece, and returned to sender 18 August 1967

Copyright

0,40 FRENCH NORTH AFRICA LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)

18 January 1965 - 12 January 1969



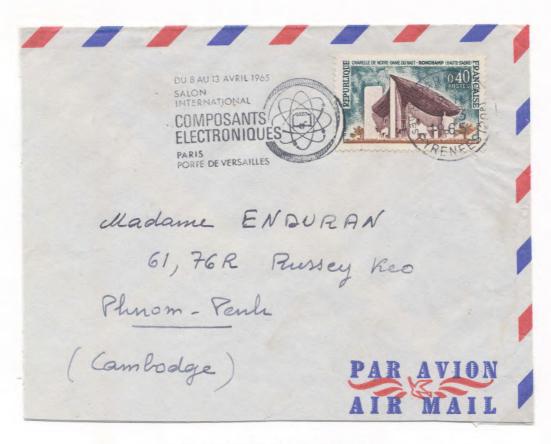
Mortain to Tunis Tunisia 22 December 1965



Marseille to Rabat Morocco 28 December 1966

o,40 FRENCH ORIENT LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)

18 January 1965 - 12 January 1969



Paris to Phnom-Penh, Cambodia 1 March 1965



On reverse, the cachet of the Conférence des Peuples Indochinois held in Phnom-Penh, March 1965

o,80 EUROPEAN AIRMAIL LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)

18 January 1965 - 12 January 1969



Postage: 0,60

Airmail Fee: 0,20

Dinard to Budapest, Hungary 9 March 1966

0,80 EUROPEAN AIRMAIL LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)

18 January 1965 - 12 January 1969



First Flight Paris-Dusseldorf-Hamburg by Lufthansa 31 March 1965



Postage: 0,60
The sender was unaware that there was a concessionary 0,30 rate for mail to Germany
Airmail Fee: 0,20

Perpignan to Hamburg, Germany 29 March 1965

0,80 INTERNATIONAL MANDATE RECEIPT FEE

19 May 1964 - 21 January 1968



1f10 CASH-ON-DELIVERY CHARGE

18 January 1965 - 21 January 1968



Request for the payment of 19,45 francs in settlement of an annual subscription to 'La Moniteur des Huissiers'

> Postage: 0,30 Cash-on-delivery fee: 0,80

> Samois-sur-Seine to Paris 10 March 1966

1670 REGISTERED LETTER RATE (Second Step: 20-100 grams)
18 January 1965 - 31 July 1966



Postage: 0,70

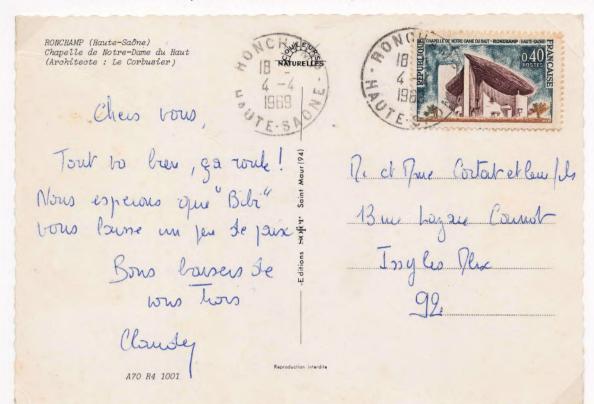
Registration Fee: 1f

Joinville-Polangis to Le Mesnil-Esnard

17 May 1965

REMAINDER STOCK

The 0,40 Ronchamp was withdrawn from sale on 27 April 1968 and all remainder sheets were forwarded to the post office at Ronchamp for sale to visitors until stocks were exhausted.

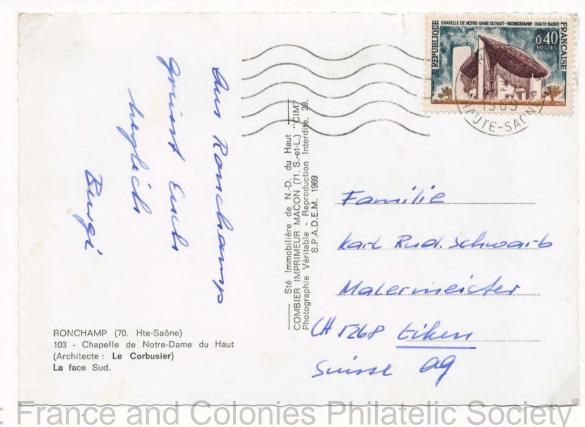




o,40 remainder stock on postcard from Ronchamp to Issy-les-Moulineaux, 4 April 1969



o,40 remainder stock on postcard from Ronchamp to Eiken, Switzerland 26 July 1969



20f CFA/0,40

CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP

1f CFA = 0,02 French Francs

The metropolitan issue was issued in France on 6 February 1965 but it was not until 24 September 1967 that it was put on sale at Saint-Denis, Réunion



Presentation proof overprinted 20f CFA.



The overprints were applied to sheets from the fourth printing dated 8, 13, 14, 15 and 17 February

o,40 INTERNAL LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)
13 January 1969 - 3 January 1971



Saint-Denis to Paris

11 February 1969



Large Format Counter Coil Test Label

The portrait of Bernard Palissy first appeared in 1949 on test labels which were designed by André Frères from an illustration in the Dictionnaire Larousse. It was printed in its double effigy format in 1964 for the testing and calibrating of experimental counter dispensing machines for use in post offices and tabacs.



First printing in grey with double dorsal accountancy numbers in red

Printed: Dates known 12 and 13 November 1964





The coil printings from the T.D.6 press are composed of upright images whereas the images of the sheet printings from the T.D.3 presses are on their side.

The feuille-modèle printed on pressT.D.6-3 on 3 December 1968

The right margin is annotated with the approved ink numbers viz 1507 violet-brun, 1313 vert and 1714 bistre. All the inks are from the Lorilleux palette

The different molettes (rocker dies) used in preparing the printing cylinders together with the opposing directions of ink application have created features that distinguish the two formats.

T.D.3 Sheet Printing



Left: Lines creating shadows are continuous

Right: Lines creating shadows are broken

T.D.6 Coil Printing





Left: Bush is in full leaf

Right: Bush is exfoliated







In February 1972, a further 276 coils were issued to various philatelic counters. Yellow gum had been applied to the paper of the previously issued coils but the 1972 consignment had been printed on paper with white gum, both shiny (gomme normale) and matt (gomme tropicale). 558 coils from the total printing remained unissued.



Coil with yellow gum



Coil with white gum

The 0,40 sheet issue had been withdrawn from sale on 27 April 1968. On 28 December 1972 the coils were similarly withdrawn and the remaining 558 coils were destroyed.





The slogan postmark 'RONCHAMP Carrefour touristique Porte de Bourgogne' featuring the Chapelle de Notre-Dame du Haut was introduced on 22 February 1971 and applied by a SECAP cancelling machine. It was the first 'flamme illustrée' used at the Ronchamp office.





Letter franked with the 0.40 coil issue

Ronchamp to Paris

20 March 1972



Carrefour touristique RONCHAMP Porte de Bourgogne

Letter from Abbé René Bolle-Reddat, the chapel's chaplain, franked with the 0,40 coil issue

Ronchamp to Puteaux

30 June 1971

ABBÉ RENÉ BOLLE - REDDAT Chapelain de N.O du Haut 70, RONCHAMP (Hte - Saône) Docteur y. mællet 100, me de le République 92. Pukeeux

By the time the coil issue had been put on general sale (April 1971) the 0,40 value no longer had a rôle to play in the revised tariffs introduced at the beginning of the year. Most of the purchasers were philatelists but the stamp is occasionally encountered on commercial mail with a complementary 0,10 value to make up the new 0,50 pli urgent internal letter rate.

o,50 PLI URGENT LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)
4 January 1971 - 15 September 1974



o,40 coil issue with o,10 *Blason de Troyes* Paris 9 to Bordeaux 25 September 1973

Marine R. STERN 79 rue Camille Godard

Wousen Rolled David

Thousand Roll David

o,40 coil issue with o,10 Blason de Troyes

Paris 9 to Paris 19

19 January 1973

o,80 URGENT LETTER RATE (First Step: 0-20 grams)
16 September 1974 - 1 August 1976

Certain stamp dealers realised that they had overstocked with the Ronchamp coil. One way to dispose of them was to frank large packets containing auction catalogues. During the 1970s complete strips of 10 or 11 of this and other coils were to be encountered particularly on mail from Bertrand Sinais and Cérès.



ROULETTE

The envelope has been franked with two copies of the coil printing.

To the right of the stamps can be seen a small cachet 'ATTENTION

ROULETTE' suggesting that the sender might be a philatelist. The address on the reverse confirms the sender as being L. Boscus, a stamp dealer in Bordeaux.

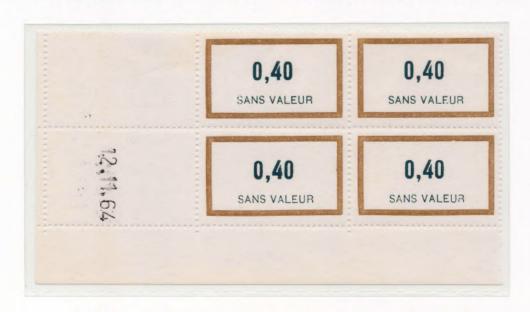
Bordeaux to Paris 16 January 1976

SANS VALEUR

The sans valeur or timbre fictif printings were used by post office trainees during practical sessions at the PTT Training Schools. They were substitutes for the real stamps currently in use and hence were printed in the same values and colours.



The large format issues were produced using both rotary and flat plate processes. Firstly, the quantity of paper required was perforated on a rotary recess press, Once guillotined into sheets, the paper was then transferred to a flat plate typography press for printing.



0,40 Fictif printed on 12 and 13 November 1964 on press T.D.3-12.

Type 1: Light brown and deep green, SANS VALEUR in thin lettering, normal paper.

0,40 CHAPELLE de NOTRE-DAME DU HAUT - RONCHAMP SANS VALEUR



o,40 Fictif printed on 14 and 15 October 1969 on press T.D.3-8.

Type 2: Dark brown and light green, SANS VALEUR in thick lettering, paper with optical brightener





Photograph taken in September 2018

Note the two bushes flanking the chapel have matured since being featured in the stamp



Ronchamp Post Office in the Place Jean Lagelée